# MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 1: VOLUMES & SURFACES ANSWERS A)\_\_\_\_\_\_ B)\_\_\_\_\_ C)\_\_\_\_\_

A) A right circular cylinder of height 9 cm and diameter 8 cm has a hole of diameter 4 cm drilled out of its center \* Find the total surface area of solid remaining leaving the result in terms of pi. \* = (along the axis of symmetry)

**B)** A right circular cone, apex down as shown, has a slant height of 5 cm and a base diameter of 6 cm. A hemisphere is sitting on top of the cone. Find the volume in terms of pi of the solid formed by the cone and the hemisphere.



C) The truncated cone shown was formed by cutting off the top of a right circular cone with a plane parallel to its base. The radii of the bases of the truncated cone are 10 cm and 16 cm while its height is 12 cm. Calculate the volume of truncated cone in terms of pi.



| MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS        | LEAGUE  |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| OCTOBER 2003                     |         |
| <b>ROUND 2: PYTHAGOREAN RELA</b> | TIONS   |
|                                  | ANSWERS |
|                                  | A)      |
|                                  | B)      |
|                                  | C)      |

A) The diagonal of square ABCD is 6, and three 45-45-90 triangles adjoin it on the right in succession. The length of the leg labeled x is the reduced fraction a/b. Find the value of a+b.



**B)** In NOPM, MN = MP = 7,  $\angle NMP = \angle NPO = 90^{\circ}$ , and  $\angle O = 30^{\circ}$ . Calculate PO in simplified radical form.



C) In tetrahedron A-BCD,  $\overrightarrow{AD} \perp plane BCD$ , AB = 10, BD = 8,  $\angle CAD = \angle DCA$ , and  $\angle BDC = 60^{\circ}$ . Calculate BC in simplified radical form.



#### MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 3: LINEAR EQUATIONS

| ANSWERS |
|---------|
| A)      |
| B)      |
| C)      |

A) Solve for x, leaving the result as a reduced fraction

 $4(x-3) + 3(x+7) - \frac{6}{5}(5x+10) = \frac{2}{3}(x-5) - \frac{1}{3}(x+4)$ 

**B)** The coins from Jeremy's tips total \$3 16. He has two more dimes than quarters, one less than twice as many nickels as dimes, and three more pennies than dimes. How many coins does he have?

C) Karin's exercise route is 4 miles long She alternates running one-quarter mile at ten mph, and then walking one-half mile at five mph How many minutes does it take her to complete her route?

### MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 4: FRACTIONS & MIXED NUMBERS NON-CALCULATOR

| ANSWERS |
|---------|
| A)      |
| B)      |
| C)      |

A) If 
$$\frac{1}{a(b+1)} + \frac{1}{b(a+1)} = \frac{1}{(a+1)(b+1)}$$
, what is the value of  $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$ ?

B) The numerator of a fraction is two less than the denominator. When both the numerator and the denominator are increased by five, the result is 4/3 of the <u>original</u> fraction. What Find was the original fraction? all possible original fractions.

C) If 
$$\frac{x-3y}{x+2y} = 4\frac{2}{3}$$
, what is the value of  $\frac{3x}{4y}$  expressed as a fraction?

#### MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 5: INEQUALITIES & ABSOLUTE VALUES ANSWERS

| `` | A) |
|----|----|
|    | B) |
|    | C) |

A) Solve for x:  $x^3 < 5x^2 + 24x$ .

**B)** Solve for x:  $|4 - 2x| = x^2 - 3x + 2$ 

C) Solve for x: 
$$\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{5}{x} < 24$$

#### MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 6: EVALUATIONS

| AINSWERS |  |
|----------|--|
| A)       |  |
| B)       |  |
| C)       |  |

A) If 4x + 5y + 6z + 3w = 12, and 2x + 3y + 4z + w = 8; find the value of x + y + z + w.

**B)** If x + y = 7 and x - y = 3, what is the value of  $3^{2x-3y}$ ?

C) Find the value of (234567891)(234567891) - (234567895)(234567887).

#### OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 7: TEAM QUESTIONS

ANSWERS

| A) | D) |
|----|----|
| B) | E) |
| C) | F) |
|    |    |

A) An ice cream cone has the shape of a square pyramid of height 5 inches where the side of the square base is 4 inches. A spherical scoop of ice cream of diameter 4 inches is placed in the cone. If the ice cream were allowed to melt, the volume of ice cream that would overflow the cone is  $\frac{a - b\pi}{3}$ . Find the ordered pair (a, b).

B) In rectangle ABCD, E is on diagonal AC so that AE : AD : EC = 2 : 3 : 4, and BC = 39. Calculate EB in simplified radical form.

C) Jon has a number of coins in his pocket. Eleven of them are nickels, one-seventh are dimes, and one-third are pennies. What is the total value of Jon's coins? (the has only pennies, nickels, and dimes)

**D**) Solve for x: 
$$\left(\frac{x+3}{x-1}\right)^2 - 6 = \frac{x+3}{x-1}$$

E) Solve for x: 
$$\left(\frac{x+1}{x-2}\right)^2 - \frac{x+1}{x-2} - 2 < 0$$

F) Given x \* y = 2x + 3y, solve the equation (3 \* a) \* (a \* 3) = 24 \* 13 for a.

## MML: OCTOBER 2003 Contest #1

Round 1: Geometry: Volume/Surface Area

## **Round 2: Pythagorean Theorem**

| A) | $132\pi \text{ cm}^2$ $\frac{3}{4}$ | <b>A</b> ) | 5            |
|----|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| B) | <del>24 cm</del> 3017 Cr            | <b>B</b> ) | 7√6          |
| C) | $2064\pi \text{ cm}^3$              | <b>C</b> ) | $2\sqrt{13}$ |

#### **Round 3: Linear Equations**

A) -5/2

- 40 **B**)
- **C**) 39

#### **Round 4: Fractions and Mixed Numbers**

- A) -1 B) 3/5 and -10/-8 (may not be reduced)
- C) -111/44

**Round 5: Inequalities and Absolute Value** 

æ

| <b>A)</b>  | x < -3  or  0 < x < 8 | <b>A</b> ) |
|------------|-----------------------|------------|
| <b>B</b> ) | -1, 2, 3              | <b>B</b> ) |
| <b>C</b> ) | x < -1/3 or $x > 1/8$ | <b>C</b> ) |

## Round 7: Team

|            | 34            |    |                    |
|------------|---------------|----|--------------------|
| <b>A)</b>  | (-80, ≫₿)     | D) | 3, -1/3            |
| B)         | $13\sqrt{13}$ | E) | x < 1/2  or  x > 5 |
| <b>C</b> ) | 92¢           | F) | 4                  |

#### **Round 6: Evaluations**

- 2
- 81
- 16

## MASSACHUSELLS MATHEMATICS EFAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 1 - VOLUMES & SURFACES

ANSWERS

() 132 //
В) 32 //
С) 2064 П

**B)** A right circular cone apex down as shown has a slant height of 5 cm and a base diameter of 6 cm. A hemisphere is sitting on top of the cone. Find the volume in terms of pi of the solid formed by the cone and the hemisphere.

$$V_{S} = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^{3} V_{c} \frac{1}{3}\pi r^{2}h \qquad V_{-\frac{1}{3}}\pi \cdot 3, 4 = 12\pi$$

$$\Gamma = 3, h - \sqrt{S^{2} - 3^{2}} = 4$$

$$V_{S} - \frac{4}{3}\pi \cdot 3^{3} - \frac{2}{3}27 \cdot \pi = 18\pi \qquad A_{NS} = 30\pi$$

C) The truncated cone shown was formed by cutting off the top of a right circular cone with a plane p-rallel to its base. The radii of the bases of the nuncited cone are 10 cm while its height is 12 cm. Calculate the volume of truncated cone in terms of pi



#### MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 2: PYTHAGOREAN RELATIONS

ANSWERS.

A) 5 B)  $7\sqrt{7}$ C)  $2\sqrt{13}$ 

 $X \in L_1(-)$ , or all of  $s_{1,1,1}$  e ABCD is 6, and three 45-45-90 thangles autoin it on the right in succession. The length of the leg labeled x is the reduced fraction a/b. Find the value of a-b



**B)** In NOPM, MN = MP = 7,  $\angle NMP = \angle NPO = 90^{\circ}$ , and  $\angle O = 30^{\circ}$  Calculate PO in simplified radical form



C) In tetrahedron A-BCD,  $\overline{AD} \perp plane BCD$ , AB = 10,  $BD = 8 \angle CAD = \angle DCA$ , and  $BDC = 60^{\circ}$  Calculate BC in simplified radical form

$$A = \sqrt{10^2 - 8^2} = 6$$

$$B = 6$$

$$C = A = 6$$

$$C = 3 =$$

#### MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS I FAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 3: LINEAR EQUATIONS

ANSWERS A)  $-\frac{5/2}{2}$ B)  $-\frac{40}{2}$ C) 39 ---

X) Solve for X leaving the result as a reduced fraction

$$4(x - 3) + 3(x + 7) = \frac{6}{5}(5x + 10) = \frac{2}{3}(x - 5) = \frac{1}{3}(x - 4) = \frac{4}{3}(x - 12) + \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}(x - 12) = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{10}{3} - \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{4}{3}$$
  

$$x - 3 = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{14}{5} = \frac{2}{3}$$
  

$$\frac{2}{5}x = 3 - \frac{14}{3} = -\frac{5}{3} = \frac{5}{3}$$
  

$$x = -\frac{5}{2}$$

B) The coins from Jeremy's tips total \$3.16 He has two more dimes than quarters, one less than twice as many nickels as dimes, and three more pennies than dimes. How many coins does he have?

$$D = # dimes = 25(D-2) + 10D + 5(2D-1) + (D+3) = 316$$
  

$$Q = D-2 = 25D - 50 + 10D + 10D - 5 + D+3 = 316$$
  

$$N = 20 - 1 = 46D - 52 = 316 = 9 = 6$$
  

$$N = 15 = Anis = 40$$
  

$$P = D+3 = 46D = 368 = 6$$
  

$$N = 15 = Anis = 40$$
  

$$P = D + 3 = 6$$
  

$$P = D + 3 = 75 = 76$$

C) Karin's exercise route is 4 miles long. She alternates running one-quarter mile at ten mph, and then walking one-half mile at five mph. How many minutes does it take her to complete her route?

#### MASSACHUSF ITS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OC FOBLR 2003 ROUND 4: FRACTIONS & MIXED NUMBERS NON-CALCULATOR

ANSWERS

A) 
$$_{-1}^{-1}$$
  
B)  $_{-10}^{-10}/_{-8}$   $_{-31}^{-5}$   
C)  $_{-111}^{-111}/_{-44}$ 

A) 
$$h = \frac{1}{a(b-1)} + \frac{1}{b(a-1)} + \frac{1}{(a+1)(b+1)}$$
 what is the value of  $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$ .  
 $\frac{1}{a(b-1)} + \frac{1}{b(a-1)} + \frac{1}{(a+1)(b+1)} = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{b+a} = -1$   
 $\frac{1}{b+a} = -1$   
 $\frac{1}{b+a} = -1$   
 $\frac{1}{b+a} = -1$ 

B) The numerator of a fraction is two less than the denominator When both the numerator and the denominator are increased by five, the result is 4/3 of the original fraction W hat was the original fraction?

$$\frac{X-2}{X} = \operatorname{orig} \operatorname{fracT} \frac{X+3}{X+5} = \frac{4(X-2)}{3X} \qquad \begin{array}{c} x + 3x - 40 = 0 \\ (x + 3) = (4x - 8)(x + 5) \\ 3x(x + 3) = (4x - 8)(x + 5) \\ 3x^{2} + 9x = 4x^{2} + 12x - 40 \\ 3x + 9x = 4x^{2} + 12x - 40 \\ (x + 3) = \frac{-10}{-8}, \quad \frac{3}{5} \\ \end{array}$$

$$() \operatorname{H} \frac{x^{3}}{21} + \frac{2}{3}, \text{ what is the value of } \frac{3}{41} \text{ expressed as a traction}^{3} \\ \frac{X - 3y}{21} + \frac{14}{3}, \text{ what is the value of } \frac{3}{41} \text{ expressed as a traction}^{3} \\ \frac{X - 3y}{x + 2y} = \frac{-10}{3}, \quad \frac{3x - 9y}{-8} = \frac{14x + 28y}{-1/x = 3} \\ \frac{X}{y} = -\frac{37}{11}, \quad \frac{3x}{4y} = -\frac{111}{4y} \end{aligned}$$

## MASSACHUSETTIS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OCTOBER 2003 ROUND 5: INEQUALITIES & ABSOLUTE VALUES ANSWERS

$$\mathbf{N}_{X} \times - = \int \mathcal{C} \times \times \times$$
  

$$\mathbf{B}_{Y} = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x^{2} - 5x^{2} - 24x < 0} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{x(x + 3)(x - 8)} < 0 = \frac{1}{x(x + 3)(x - 8)} < 0$$

B) Solve for x 
$$|1 - 2x| = x^2 - 3x + 2$$
  
 $|1 + 2x| = x^2 - 3x + 2$   
 $|1 + x^2 + 2 - 2x = x^2 - 3x + 2$   
 $|1 + x^2 - x - 2 = 0$   
 $(x + 1)(x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = -1, x = 2$   
 $1 + x = 2$   
 $1 +$ 

C) Solve for 
$$x \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{5}{x} < 24$$
  

$$\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{5}{x} - \frac{3}{24x^2} - \frac{5}{x} < 24$$

$$ANS \times 5 \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{3}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x^2}$$

# MASSACHUSETTS MATHEMATICS LEAGUE OC LOBI R 2003 ROUND 6: EVALUATIONS ANSWERS **1**) 2 B)\_\_\_\_\_ / () 16-

 $\lambda + i$ 9x+7x+4+1 P

$$\frac{2x+3y+3z+1}{2x+2y+3z+1} = \frac{x+7+z+1}{4}$$

B) If 
$$x + y = 7$$
 and  $x = 3$  what is the value of  $3 = 7$   
 $X - y = 3$   
 $3^{2(5) - 3(2)} = 3^{10 - 1} = 7^{4} = 87$   
 $1x = 70$   
 $x = 5$   
 $2y = 4$   
 $y = 2$ 

C) Find the value of (234567891)(234567891) - (234567895)(234567887)

$$(X)(X) - (X+4)(X-4)$$

)

#### ANSWERS

A)  $(\frac{1}{2}\delta c_1 c_2) = D$   $(\frac{1}{2} - 1/3)$ B)  $13\sqrt{13}$  E) X < 1/2, x > 1C) 92 (2015 F) \_\_\_\_

A) An ice cream cone has the shape of a square pyramid of height 5 inches where the side of the square base is 4 inches. A spherical scoop of ice cream of diameter 4 inches is placed in the cone if the ice cream were allowed to melt, the volume of ice cream that would overflow the cone is b = b = b.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{5}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{1}{5}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{$$

**B)** In rectangle ABCD E is on diagonal AC so that AF AD FC = 2 - 3 - 4 and BC = 30 Calculate EB in simplified radical form

C) Jon has a number of coins in his pocket Eleven of them are nickels one-seventh are dimes, and one-third are pennies What is the total value of Jon's coins?

$$X = \# Coins \qquad \frac{1}{7}X + \frac{1}{3}X + 11 = X, \qquad \frac{10X}{21} + 11 = X, \qquad \frac{11X}{21} = 11, x = 21$$

$$A_{1}cK_{4}l_{5} - 55k_{7}, \qquad Dimes - 30k_{7}, \qquad Pennies - 7k \qquad Ans \qquad 92 \ cmis$$

$$D) \text{ Solve for } \left(\frac{x+3}{x-1}\right)^{2} - 6 = \frac{x+3}{x-1} \qquad \frac{x+3}{x-1} = 3, \ x+3 = 3x-3, \ 2x = 6, x = 3$$

$$\left(\frac{x+3}{x-1} - 3\right)\left(\frac{x+3}{x-1} + 2\right) = 0 \qquad \frac{x+3}{x-1} = -2, \ x+3 = -2x+2, \ 3x = -1, x = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$E) \text{ Solve for } \left(\frac{x}{1}, \frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{x}{1}, \ \frac{1}{2} - 2, \ 0 \qquad (x+1) = (x+1)(x-2) - 2(x-1) < 0$$

F) Given 
$$x * y = 2x - 3y$$
, solve the equation  $(3 * a) * (a * 3) = 24 * 13$  for a  
2  $(6 + 3a) + 3(2a + 9) = 48 + 39 = 87$ , 12a + 39 = 67, a = 4